TONBRIDGE & MALLING BOROUGH COUNCIL

OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

26 January 2023

Joint Report of the Director of Finance and Transformation and Cabinet Member for Finance, Innovation and Property

Part 1- Public

Matters for Recommendation to Cabinet

1 CAPITAL PLAN REVIEW 2022/23

This report:

- Reviews the current position of the existing Capital Plan (List A).
- Recommends schemes to be added to and deleted from List C.
- Recommends schemes from List C for evaluation.
- Recommends schemes for inclusion on List B from those evaluated schemes selected for evaluation this time last year or earlier and in certain circumstances schemes identified for Fast-Track evaluation.
- Presents an updated Capital Strategy for endorsement.

Members are reminded however, that any aspirations in respect of capital schemes need to be set within the context of the difficult and challenging financial outlook.

Dashboard / Key Points

- Capital Plan is built on a "ladder" style basis:
- At the top List A sits the schemes that have received approval and have funding assigned (including the replacement of existing assets)
- List B schemes have received in principle support but are awaiting funding to be assigned at an appropriate time
- List C is a list of potential schemes that have been identified for possible future adoption
- Funding can be found from the Capital Reserve (for which the annual capital allowance is £250,000); S106 sums (developer contributions); or external grants
- This year's recommendations for schemes to be moved to the top of the ladder – List A – can be met from the capital allowance and/or other funding sources

1.1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 The capital plan process, as outlined below, provides a means of maintaining a pool of schemes (List C) from which schemes can be selected for evaluation and possible implementation. It also provides an opportunity to review the provisions for schemes which are already in the Capital Plan (List A).
- 1.1.2 The criteria established to guide the inclusion of new List C schemes (holding list of schemes not yet fully worked up) and ultimately the inclusion of schemes on List A (schemes assigned budget provision) are:
 - to meet legislative requirements including health and safety obligations;
 - funded from external resources; and
 - reduce revenue expenditure and or generate income.
- 1.1.3 The subsequent recommendations where appropriate have regard to these criteria.
- 1.1.4 The review takes place within the context of the revenue estimates, reflecting the fact that capital schemes have an impact on revenue. Positive impacts may include potential to reduce costs and or generate income. Negative impacts may include loss of income during construction and will include loss of investment income where the project costs are met from the Council's resources.
- 1.1.5 Under the previous governance arrangements, the draft capital plan prepared by officers were initially considered, on behalf of Cabinet, by the Finance, Innovation and Property Advisory Board before being presented to this Committee.
- 1.1.6 Following the changes to governance arrangements early in 2022, the Cabinet now works alongside officers to prepare the draft capital plan. Accordingly, this report is now a joint report of the Director of Finance and Transformation and the Cabinet Member for Finance, Innovation and Property.

1.2 Capital Plan Funding

- 1.2.1 Capital expenditure is currently funded from the revenue reserve for capital schemes, grants from government and other bodies, developer contributions and from capital receipts derived from the sale of assets.
- 1.2.2 There is also an annual contribution to the revenue reserve for capital schemes to match the funding required for the replacement of existing assets (vehicles, plant and equipment) and recurring capital expenditure. The contribution in 2023/24 is £974,000.
- 1.2.3 There remains an annual capital allowance for all other capital expenditure not least in light of the difficult and challenging financial outlook. Any 'bids' for capital schemes or discretionary capital grants are to be assessed in the context of the

- annual allowance. The annual capital allowance is currently set at £250,000 and it is proposed that the annual allowance continue to be set at that level.
- 1.2.4 It should be noted, based on current projections, that from 2029/30 the Council may need to borrow to fund such expenditure. This does not however, preclude a decision to borrow in order to fund in full or in part a capital investment opportunity that meets the Council's strategic priorities and objectives, achieves value for money and delivers a financial return. Each such opportunity to be considered on a case by case basis as appropriate.
- 1.2.5 In addition, the Invest to Save Reserve or Transformation Reserve (made up of specific grants received from government in respect of revenues and benefits functions) amongst other Reserves could be used to fund in full or in part appropriate capital plan schemes.

1.3 Capital Plan Review Process

- 1.3.1 The Capital Plan consists of three main elements:
 - List C is a holding list of schemes which ordinarily have not been fully worked up. List C schemes can be in two states – schemes which have been retained on List C for possible future adoption and schemes which have been selected for evaluation, effectively short-listed for adoption.
 - List B is a holding list of List C schemes which have been evaluated and not eliminated. The presumption is that, subject to budget guidance, these schemes will be adopted for inclusion in List A.
 - List A is the approved capital programme. Schemes will be selected from
 List B for inclusion in List A in accordance with budgetary guidance. This
 selection will be carried out in conjunction with the revenue budget process.
- 1.3.2 The role of this Committee is to consider four aspects of the review process and make recommendations to Cabinet. The four aspects are:
 - A review of the existing Capital Plan (List A).
 - The addition of new schemes to List C and the removal of schemes from List C.
 - The selection of schemes from List C which are considered suitable for evaluation.
 - Consideration of those List C schemes which have been evaluated.
- 1.3.3 Cabinet on 14 February will consider and make recommendations on the transfer of schemes from List B to List A in the light of the overall financial position. Finally, Council on 21 February will consider recommendations from Cabinet.

1.3.4 Capital Plan schemes should emerge from, or be designed to achieve, the Council's strategic priorities and objectives. As part of this review any new schemes being recommended for inclusion on List C are justified by reference to one or more of the three criteria detailed at paragraph 1.1.2.

1.4 Review of the Existing Capital Plan (List A)

- 1.4.1 Attached at **[Annex 1]** is the existing Capital Plan (List A) in budget book format along with explanatory notes. The following routine adjustments to the 2022/23 Budget Book have been made:
 - the outturn for 2021/22 has been taken into account and any slippage still required has been included in 2022/23;
 - schemes included in the existing Budget Book which were completed in 2021/22 have been removed:
 - in accordance with the policy of having a rolling six year Capital Plan (current year plus six) an additional year, 2028/29, has been added; and
 - the profiling of project spend has been reviewed and adjusted where appropriate to reflect the most likely pattern of spend across the plan period.
- 1.4.2 Paragraphs 1.4.3 to 1.4.9 detail specific amendments to the Capital Plan (List A) approved by Council in February 2022.
- 1.4.3 The Cabinet Member for Environment and Climate Change approved the sum of £31,000 be added to the Capital Plan in respect of an anti-idling project at five schools across the borough grant funded by DEFRA. Cabinet Member Decision D220047MEM dated 13 May 2022.
- 1.4.4 Council in July 2022 approved the sum of £140,000 be added to the Capital Plan for the installation of PV system at Larkfield Leisure Centre funded from the Climate Change Reserve.
- 1.4.5 Cabinet in November 2022 approved the sum of £40,000 and £55,000 be added to the Capital Plan in 2023/24 and 2024/25 respectively to meet grant payments in respect of the UK Shared Prosperity Fund shopfront improvement and vacant unit scheme. Of this sum £65,000 is to be funded from UK Shared Prosperity Fund monies and £30,000 in 2023/24 from the Business Rates Retention Scheme Reserve.
- 1.4.6 A number of other UK Shared Prosperity Fund projects / initiatives covering the three-year period 2022/23 to 2024/25 have also been added to the Capital Plan as follows:
 - Mobile CCTV £20,000

- Tonbridge Wayfinding £25,000
- Digital Information Boards £120,000
- Bus Shelter Green Roofs Pilot £30,000
- West Kent Green Business Grants £75,000
- Carbon Descent Plans £75,000
- Safer Sustainable Car Parks £100,000
- 1.4.7 A total sum of £445,000 of which £430,000 is to be funded from UK Shared Prosperity Fund monies and £15,000 in 2023/24 from the Business Rates Retention Scheme Reserve. Further details can be found in the report to Cabinet on 5 July 2022.
- 1.4.8 Capital renewals provisions have been extended by a further year to enable the current level of assets (vehicles, plant and equipment) to be maintained. Renewals figures included in 2022/23 and subsequent years incorporate provision for inflation (typically an uplift of 2% per annum). Average renewals spend over the seven-year period of the plan is £882,000 per annum (2022/23 2028/29).
- 1.4.9 Provision for recurring expenditure has also been extended by a further year (see table below).

Capital Plan (List A) recurring expenditure				
	2028/29 £'000	Annex 1 Page		
Planning, Housing and Environmental Health				
Housing assistance (net)	30	CP 4		
Street Scene, Leisure and Technical Services				
Recycling waste bins growth / replacement	31	CP 10		
Refuse bins growth / replacement	61	CP 10		
Garden waste bins growth / replacement	37	CP 10		
Improvements to existing car parks rolling programme	30	CP 16		
Total	189			

1.4.10 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to endorse the Capital Plan (List A) position as shown in **[Annex 1]**.

1.5 List C Update

1.5.1 As a result of the difficult and challenging financial outlook the focus has to be on what are seen as priority capital plan schemes or where there is potential for external funding.

1.5.2 It should be noted that a number of List C schemes are dependent on and will, in all likelihood, only proceed if funded in full or in large part by developer contributions, government grant or other external funding opportunities. An updated schedule of List C schemes is attached at [Annex 2]. The update includes schemes which are recommended to be added to List C and schemes to be deleted from List C.

1.5.3 To assist Members a summary of the proposals is detailed in the table below.

List C additions and deletions		
	Annex 2 Page	
Schemes to be added to List C		
Corporate Services		
Gibson East Refurbishment	CP 29	
De-carbonising the Council's Estate	CP 30	
Schemes to be deleted from List C		
Street Scene, Leisure and Technical Services		
Tonbridge Farm Sportsground – Provision of Toilets (provision met by alternative provider)		
Tonbridge Castle – Site Improvements (funded in full from Welcome Back Fund)		
Taddington Valley Woodland Management (classified as revenue expenditure)		

1.5.4 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to amend List C as detailed in paragraph 1.5.3.

1.6 Selection of List C Schemes for Evaluation

- 1.6.1 At this meeting, Members have the opportunity to recommend schemes for evaluation.
- 1.6.2 It is recognised that the evaluation of schemes imposes a resource requirement and, in consequence, Services have to establish a balance between the evaluation of new schemes and the delivery of existing approved schemes.
- 1.6.3 The schedule of List C schemes in [Annex 2] indicates the schemes which have been recommended for evaluation coming out of this Capital Plan Review

- including where recommended for Fast-Track evaluation and summarised in the table below. On this occasion, two schemes have been recommended both for Fast-Track evaluation.
- 1.6.4 In addition, there are two schemes selected for evaluation in a previous Review that are yet to be evaluated / subject to further evaluation as follows: Tonbridge Racecourse Sportsground Improvement Works Phase 3 and River Medway Riverside Environmental Improvements, Tonbridge.

Schemes selected for evaluation from List C		
	Annex 2 Page	
Corporate Services		
Gibson East Refurbishment (Fast-Track)	CP 29	
De-carbonising the Council's Estate (Fast-Track)	CP 30	
Carbon Descent Initiatives –		
Installation of solar PV at Tonbridge Swimming Pool		
Installation of LED lighting at Tonbridge Swimming Pool		
Installation of LED lighting at Larkfield Leisure Centre		

1.6.5 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to select the schemes listed in paragraph 1.6.4 for evaluation including where recommended for Fast-Track evaluation.

1.7 Evaluation of List C Schemes

- 1.7.1 As part of the 2021/22 and previous Capital Plan reviews a number of schemes were selected for evaluation. The results of those evaluations which have been concluded are given in [Annex 3] including those schemes recommended for Fast-Track evaluation.
- 1.7.2 Members are reminded that the Capital Strategy sets out criteria for evaluation. These criteria are the basis for the pro forma structure for reporting on the evaluation which includes screening for equality impacts.
- 1.7.3 Details of the evaluated schemes are summarised below.

Capital / revenue consequences of evaluated schemes			
	Capital Cost £'000	Annual revenue / renewals cost £'000	Annex 3 Page
Corporate Services			
Gibson East Refurbishment	3,000		CP 31
De-carbonising the Council's Estate	225	11	CP 33
Total	3,225	11	

- 1.7.4 The scale of the Gibson East Refurbishment is such that it is to be seen as a standalone project outside of the capital plan review process where it is proposed the estimated capital cost of £3.0m be funded in the first instance from the Revenue Reserve for Capital Schemes. Subsequently, the proceeds (capital receipt) from the sale of Gibson West are used to fund capital expenditure up to the value of the cost of the works to in effect reimburse the Reserve. This of course assumes our share of the sale proceeds will as a minimum cover the cost of the works. The opportunity to apply for grant funding for energy efficiency measures/ environmental improvements to the public estate will also be explored.
- 1.7.5 In addition, a revenue budget in the current financial year is required in the sum of £50,000 to meet professional fees and survey costs to take forward the project funded from an earmarked reserve and where an **ongoing revenue saving** as a result of the scaling back of office accommodation of £200,000 has **already** been built into the Medium Term Financial Strategy.
- 1.7.6 The estimated capital cost of the De-carbonising the Council's Estate capital plan scheme comprising three carbon descent initiatives is to be met from the Climate Change Reserve.
- 1.7.7 Members are reminded that evaluated schemes can be recommended for inclusion on List B, retention on List C, or deletion from the Capital Plan process. Recommendation for inclusion on List B does not commit a scheme to be included in the Capital Plan, but is an expression of "in principle" support.
- 1.7.8 List B schemes will be considered by Cabinet on 14 February alongside the revenue estimates. Schemes may be selected for transfer from List B to the Capital Plan (List A) taking into account the overall budget position.
- 1.7.9 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to endorse the transfer of the two schemes shown in paragraph 1.7.3 from List C to List B.

1.8 Capital Strategy

- 1.8.1 Updates to both the Prudential Code and Treasury Management Code were published by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) in December 2021 and uphold a key principle that borrowing primarily for return on investment is not permissible.
- 1.8.2 The requirements of both the Treasury Management and Prudential Codes of Practice published by CIPFA have been taken into account and reflected as appropriate in the annual review and update of the Capital Strategy attached at [Annex 4]. The Strategy has no annexes but includes links to a number of other documents or web pages which are referred to in the text and are available on the Council's website or the internet.
- 1.8.3 CIPFA "The Capital Strategy should describe how the investment of capital resources will contribute to the achievement of the authority's key objectives and priorities that are detailed in their Performance Plans and Community Plans/Strategies. An authority's Capital Strategy should be one of the key, overarching strategies that support service plans. The strategy will also determine priorities between the various services and look for opportunities for cross-cutting and joined-up investment. The authority's Capital Strategy should describe how the deployment of capital resources contributes to the achievement of the described goals. It will also help to ensure that issues around property and other assets are fully reflected in the Council's planning."
- 1.8.4 It is RECOMMENDED that Cabinet be invited to endorse the Capital Strategy as attached at [Annex 4] for adoption by Council and publication on the Council's website.

1.9 Legal Implications

1.9.1 The Local Government Act 2003 and its subsidiary regulations set out the framework for the system of capital controls which applied from 1 April 2004 whereby local authorities must set their own borrowing limits with regard to affordability, prudence and sustainability. Underpinning this is a requirement to follow the CIPFA Prudential Code for Capital Finance in Local Authorities (the Prudential Code).

1.10 Financial and Value for Money Considerations

- 1.10.1 The transfer of schemes from List C to List B has no financial impact. The transfer of schemes from List B to List A will be considered by Cabinet on 14 February in the context of the Medium Term Financial Strategy and the overall budget position.
- 1.10.2 The Capital Strategy outlines a capital plan process which follows the CIPFA Prudential Code and in addition to supporting the achievement of the Council's strategic priorities and objectives, focuses on value for money.

1.11 Risk Assessment

- 1.11.1 The proceeds from the sale of Gibson West may not fully cover the cost of the Gibson East Refurbishment and or the sale takes longer than anticipated placing the Revenue Reserve for Capital Schemes under pressure and recourse to borrowing earlier than expected with consequent financial implications.
- 1.11.2 Financial implications of new schemes to be considered by Cabinet at the February budget meeting.
- 1.11.3 Failure to endorse a satisfactory Capital Strategy may lead to a capital programme which does not fully support the Council's strategic priorities and objectives.

1.12 Equality Impact Assessment

1.12.1 Where there is a perceived impact on end users an equality impact assessment has or will be carried out as schemes progress as appropriate.

1.13 Recommendations

- 1.13.1 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to endorse the Capital Plan (List A) position as shown in **[Annex 1]**.
- 1.13.2 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to amend List C as detailed in paragraph 1.5.3.
- 1.13.3 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to select the schemes listed in paragraph 1.6.4 for evaluation including where recommended for Fast-Track evaluation.
- 1.13.4 It is **RECOMMENDED** that Cabinet be asked to endorse the transfer of the two schemes shown in paragraph 1.7.3 from List C to List B.
- 1.13.5 It is RECOMMENDED that Cabinet be invited to endorse the Capital Strategy as attached at [Annex 4] for adoption by Council and publication on the Council's website.

Background papers:

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Nil

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